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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/634,009	08/04/2003		Daigo Aoki	TJK/406	5043
27717	7590 03/09/2006			EXAMINER	
SEYFARTH 55 E. MONRO			SANTIAGO, MARICELI		
SUITE 4200	JE GIRE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO, I	L 60603	-5803	2879		

DATE MAILED: 03/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Comments		10/634,009	AOKI, DAIGO	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Mariceli Santiago	2879	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported to the second section apports the second section apports the second se	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. & 133)	
Status				
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 D</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	December 2005. Saction is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	·	•	
Dispositi	ion of Claims		•	
5) □ 6) ⋈ 7) □ 8) □ Applicati 9) □ 10) ⋈	Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-13 is/are withdrawn Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 14-17 is/are rejected. Claim(s) are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/of the specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 04 August 2003 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oath or declaration is objected to be the oath or declaration is objected to be the oath of the oath of th	n from consideration. or election requirement. er. a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Settion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	is have been received. Is have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage	
Attachmen	t(s)			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/19/2004</u> .	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-13 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on December 15, 2006.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kawamura et al. (US 6,878,470).

Regarding claim 14, Kawamura discloses an electroluminescent element (Fig. 3) comprising at least a first electrode layer (302), a decomposition removal layer (305) which is in the form of pattern on the first electrode layer or on an electric charge injection transportation layer formed on the first electrode layer, and shows different contact angle with liquid from that of the first electrode layer or the electric charge injection transportation layer, an organic electroluminescent layer (306) which is in the form of pattern on the electrode layer or on electric charge injection transportation layer exposed by decomposition and removal of the decomposition removal layer and contains at least a light emitting layer, and a second electrode layer (308) formed on the organic electroluminescent layer.

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In regards to the limitation "decomposed and removed by the action of a photocatalyst in irradiation with energy", applicant is claiming the product of a decomposition removal layer including a method (i.e. a process) of making the layer, consequently, claim 15 is considered a "product-by-process" claim. In spite of the fact that a product-by-process claim may recite only process limitations, it is the product and not the recited process that is covered by the claim. Further, patentability of a claim to a product does not rest merely on the difference in the method by which the product is made. Rather, is the product itself which must be new and not obvious. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Accordingly, the structure implied by the process steps would be considered for assessing the patentability of product-by-process claims over the prior art (see MPEP 2113).

Regarding claim 16, Kawamura discloses the electroluminescent element wherein the first electrode layer is formed on a base material.

Claims 15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Aoki (US 2003/0129321).

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

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Regarding claim 15, Aoki discloses an electroluminescent element (Fig. 2A-2E) comprising at least a first electrode layer (22), a decomposition removal layer (23) which is in the form of pattern on the first electrode layer or an electric charge injection transportation layer formed on the first electrode layer, and has an electric charge shielding property (23), an organic electroluminescent layer (11) which is formed so as to coat the first electrode layer and decomposition removal layer and contains at least a light emitting layer, and a second electrode layer formed on the organic electroluminescent layer.

In regards to the limitation "decomposed and removed by the action of a photocatalyst in irradiation with energy", applicant is claiming the product of a decomposition removal layer including a method (i.e. a process) of making the layer, consequently, claim 15 is considered a "product-by-process" claim. In spite of the fact that a product-by-process claim may recite only process limitations, it is the product and not the recited process that is covered by the claim. Further, patentability of a claim to a product does not rest merely on the difference in the method by which the product is made. Rather, is the product itself which must be new and not obvious. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Accordingly, the structure implied by the process steps would be considered for assessing the patentability of product-by-process claims over the prior art (see MPEP 2113).

Regarding claim 17, Aoki discloses the electroluminescent element wherein the first electrode layer is formed on a base material.

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mariceli Santiago whose telephone number is (571) 272-2464. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimesh Patel, can be reached on (571) 272-2457. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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